

PetroChina Co. Ltd (PTR)

Updated May 21st, 2020 by Aristofanis Papadatos

Key Metrics

| Current Price: | \$36 | 5 Year CAGR Estimate: | 7.8% | Market Cap: | \$65.8 B |
|-----------------------------|------|-------------------------------------|-------|---------------------------|-----------------------|
| Fair Value Price: | \$32 | 5 Year Growth Estimate: | 7.0% | Ex-Dividend Date: | 09/11/20 ¹ |
| % Fair Value: | 112% | 5 Year Valuation Multiple Estimate: | -2.2% | Dividend Payment Date: | 11/10/20 |
| Dividend Yield: | 3.3% | 5 Year Price Target | \$45 | Years Of Dividend Growth: | 1 |
| Dividend Risk Score: | F | Retirement Suitability Score: | D | Last Dividend Increase: | 41.2% |

Overview & Current Events

PetroChina is the largest Chinese oil and gas producer. In 2019, it produced 4.28 million barrels of oil equivalent per day (58% oil and 42% natural gas) and thus exceeded the production rate of Exxon Mobil. It has a market capitalization of \$65.8 billion.

PetroChina operates in four segments: exploration & production, refining & chemicals, natural gas, and marketing. In 2019, the first three segments generated 87%, 12% and 1%, respectively, of the total earnings of the company, while the marketing segment posted a minor loss due to excess supply of products in the market and intense competition. Just like the well-known oil majors, such as Exxon Mobil and Chevron, PetroChina is an integrated oil company and is greatly affected by the price of oil and natural gas. Due to suppressed oil prices since mid-2014, the earnings of PetroChina have remained under pressure in the last five years.

In late April, PetroChina reported (4/29/20) financial results for the first quarter of fiscal 2020. The company grew its production by 6.1% over last year's quarter and reduced its unit production cost by 8.9%. As a result, its upstream segment grew its profit by 3.9%, despite a plunge in oil prices. However, PetroChina posted a net loss of -\$2.3 billion, due to losses in the refining and marketing segments, which resulted from the collapse in the demand for refined products due to the coronavirus. Due to the pandemic, we now expect PetroChina to lose -\$0.70 per share this year.

Growth on a Per-Share Basis

| Year | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2025 |
|---------------------|---------|---------|--------|---------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|---------|--------|
| EPS | \$11.23 | \$11.30 | \$9.98 | \$11.46 | \$9.60 | \$3.05 | \$0.60 | \$1.78 | \$4.33 | \$3.68 | -\$0.70 | \$3.77 |
| DPS | \$3.83 | \$5.35 | \$5.06 | \$4.68 | \$5.29 | \$2.56 | \$0.70 | \$1.57 | \$1.36 | \$1.92 | \$1.20 | \$1.60 |
| Shares ² | 1,830 | 1,830 | 1,830 | 1,830 | 1,830 | 1,830 | 1,830 | 1,830 | 1,830 | 1,827 | 1,827 | 1,825 |

Like its peers, PetroChina has a lackluster and volatile performance record. As its upstream segment is by far the largest contributor to its overall performance, its earnings are greatly affected by underlying commodity prices. Since the onset of the downturn of the energy sector in mid-2014, the earnings-per-share of PetroChina have remained suppressed. Despite the strong recovery in 2018-2019, earnings-per-share were still less than half of their previous level during 2010-2014. This compares unfavorably to the well-known oil majors, Exxon Mobil, Chevron and BP, whose earnings-per-share in 2018-2019 were more than half of their pre-crisis level. The superior performance of the oil majors shows that they have cut operating expenses and improved their asset portfolios much more drastically than PetroChina.

Moreover, the ongoing coronavirus crisis is likely to lead PetroChina to incur losses this year. However, we do not expect this downturn to extend beyond this year. As a result, we expect PetroChina to return towards last year's profitability in the upcoming years and thus we expect 7.0% annualized growth off mid-cycle earnings-per-share of \$2.69 (5-year average) over the next five years.

Disclosure: This analyst has no position in the security discussed in this research report, and no plans to initiate one in the next 72 hours.

¹ Estimated date.

² In millions.



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Valuation Analysis

| Year | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | Now | 2025 |
|-----------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Avg. P/E | 10.4 | 11.9 | 13.6 | 10.6 | 12.3 | 32.3 | | 38.7 | 16.8 | 15.2 | 13.4 | 12.0 |
| Avg. Yld. | 3.3% | 4.0% | 3.7% | 3.8% | 4.5% | 2.6% | 1.0% | 2.3% | 1.8% | 3.4% | 3.3% | 3.5% |

Excluding the years 2015-2017, in which the depressed earnings of PetroChina resulted in abnormally high price-to-earnings ratios, PetroChina has traded at an average price-to-earnings ratio of 13.0 over the last decade. Due to the high cyclicality of the stock, we assume a fair earnings multiple of 12.0. PetroChina is now trading at 13.4 times its mid-cycle earnings. If it reaches our fair valuation level over the next five years, it will incur a -2.2% annualized drag in its returns.

Safety, Quality, Competitive Advantage, & Recession Resiliency

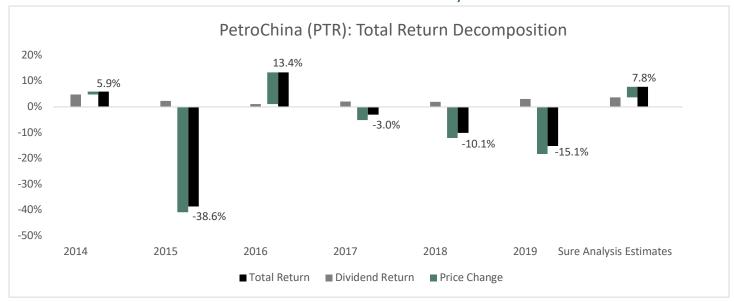
| Year | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2025 |
|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Payout | 34.2% | 47.3% | 50.7% | 40.8% | 55.1% | 84.1% | 117% | 88.3% | 31.1% | 52.2% | 44.6% | 42.4% |

The economy of China has grown by more than 6% per year in every year of the last decade. While this is supposed to provide some sort of competitive advantage to PetroChina over its international peers, its heavy reliance on its upstream segment mitigates its benefit from the growth of China. Moreover, even before the recent collapse of the oil price, the earnings-per-share of PetroChina were still less than half of what they were before the onset of the downturn of the energy sector in mid-2014. This is in sharp contrast to China Petroleum (SNP), whose earnings-per-share almost returned to their pre-crisis level thanks to its more integrated structure. Furthermore, PetroChina has a high debt load and it is susceptible in the ongoing downturn of the energy sector due to the coronavirus. Overall, PetroChina is highly vulnerable to suppressed oil prices, as shown with the -95% plunge of its earnings-per-share between 2013 and 2016.

Final Thoughts & Recommendation

PetroChina has fallen -35% since early this year due to the downturn in the energy sector caused by the coronavirus. As we do not expect the crisis to extend beyond this year, we expect the stock to offer a 7.8% average annual return over the next five years. However, we do not like the high debt load, the weak recovery of earnings before the ongoing downturn and the dramatic business underperformance compared to its peers. We thus maintain our hold rating.

Total Return Breakdown by Year



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Income Statement Metrics

| Year | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 |
|--------------------|-------|-------|--------|-------|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Revenue (\$B) | 216.0 | 309.7 | 347.5 | 367.2 | 370.5 | 274.6 | 242.9 | 298.8 | 356.0 |
| Gross Profit (\$B) | 82.06 | 98.64 | 100.07 | 102.4 | 100.49 | 74.13 | 65.96 | 73.05 | 88.14 |
| Gross Margin | 38.0% | 31.9% | 28.8% | 27.9% | 27.1% | 27.0% | 27.2% | 24.4% | 24.8% |
| SG&A Exp. | 23224 | 25831 | 28628 | 31779 | 31518 | 30136 | 28827 | 30005 | 32979 |
| Operating Profit | 27330 | 27695 | 26951 | 29911 | 26681 | 11666 | 8338 | 9230 | 18303 |
| Op. Margin | 12.7% | 8.9% | 7.8% | 8.1% | 7.2% | 4.2% | 3.4% | 3.1% | 5.1% |
| Net Profit | 20637 | 20550 | 18253 | 21073 | 17391 | 5653 | 1180 | 3379 | 7955 |
| Net Margin | 9.6% | 6.6% | 5.3% | 5.7% | 4.7% | 2.1% | 0.5% | 1.1% | 2.2% |
| Free Cash Flow | 8051 | 2567 | -12636 | -3012 | 7603 | 6362 | 11768 | 19800 | 53182 |
| Income Tax | 5677 | 5913 | 5728 | 5819 | 6123 | 2503 | 2368 | 2416 | 6473 |

Balance Sheet Metrics

| Year | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 |
|--------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| Total Assets (\$B) | 249.7 | 303.0 | 347.5 | 386.5 | 387.8 | 368.7 | 345.1 | 368.3 | 353.6 |
| Cash & Equivalents | 6892 | 9665 | 6952 | 8483 | 11894 | 11210 | 14100 | 18806 | 12443 |
| Acc. Receivable | 6785 | 8504 | 10326 | 10565 | 8561 | 8050 | 6813 | 8140 | 8505 |
| Inventories | 20337 | 28796 | 34304 | 37460 | 26757 | 19544 | 21146 | 22159 | 25380 |
| Goodwill & Int. | 3838 | 3423 | 3868 | 4035 | 4168 | 9823 | 9183 | 9129 | 14290 |
| Total Liab. (\$B) | 97.45 | 131.94 | 158.31 | 176.92 | 175.35 | 161.71 | 147.43 | 156.74 | 148.51 |
| Accounts Payable | 14679 | 17919 | 21136 | 21510 | 13691 | 10705 | 11606 | 15807 | 17635 |
| Long-Term Debt | 35223 | 50303 | 71297 | 81784 | 86961 | 83290 | 74334 | 71266 | 59189 |
| Total Equity (\$B) | 141.56 | 158.43 | 170.47 | 186.91 | 189.57 | 181.72 | 171.20 | 182.81 | 176.52 |
| D/E Ratio | 0.25 | 0.32 | 0.42 | 0.44 | 0.46 | 0.46 | 0.43 | 0.39 | 0.34 |

Profitability & Per Share Metrics

| Year | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 |
|------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| Return on Assets | 8.9% | 7.4% | 5.6% | 5.7% | 4.5% | 1.5% | 0.3% | 0.9% | 2.2% |
| Return on Equity | 15.5% | 13.7% | 11.1% | 11.8% | 9.2% | 3.0% | 0.7% | 1.9% | 4.4% |
| ROIC | 11.6% | 10.1% | 7.6% | 7.6% | 5.9% | 1.9% | 0.4% | 1.2% | 2.9% |
| Shares Out. | 1,830 | 1,830 | 1,830 | 1,830 | 1,830 | 1,830 | 1,830 | 1,830 | 1,830 |
| Revenue/Share | 118.03 | 169.22 | 189.84 | 200.62 | 202.41 | 150.04 | 132.70 | 163.27 | 194.53 |
| FCF/Share | 4.40 | 1.40 | -6.90 | -1.65 | 4.15 | 3.48 | 6.43 | 10.82 | 29.06 |

Note: All figures in millions of U.S. Dollars unless per share or indicated otherwise.

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